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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Unitholders of Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of financial position, including the details of investments, as at 31 December 2024, the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively "the financial statements").

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Guidance for Property Funds, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Infrastructure Funds and Infrastructure Trusts issued by the Association of Investment Management Companies and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Fund in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards* issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matter below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matter and audit procedures are described below.

Value of investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement

As described in Note 7 to the financial statements, the Fund presented the investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement ("the RTA") in the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024 at its fair value of Baht 2,728 million, representing 97% of total assets. Since the investment is not traded in an active market and a quoted price is not available for the same or similar investments, the Fund's management determined its fair value at the end of the reporting period based on the appraisal value calculated by an independent appraiser using an income approach. The Fund's management had to exercise judgement with respect to the projection of future cashflows that the Fund will receive from the investment, including the determination of an appropriate discount rate by the independent appraiser. Therefore, I addressed the importance of the audit of the measurement of the investment's value.

In auditing of the value of the investment, I gained an understanding of the key provisions of the RTA, assessed the accounting policy on the investment and the calculation of the fair value of the investment in the RTA by reading the RTA, making inquiries of the management and reading the appraisal report, considered the scope and objectives of the fair value measuring performed by an independent appraiser, and evaluated the techniques and models applied by the independent appraiser to measure the fair value, as specified in the appraisal report prepared by the independent appraiser. Moreover, I evaluated the competence and the independence of the independent appraiser using publicly available information, reviewed the key information of the key assumptions by comparing the actual income from investment in the RTA with the forecasted income to evaluate the reliability of the management's forecast, reading the technical consultant's



report which is related to the key assumptions, assessing the discount rate used in the measurement by comparing it with comparable information in the same industry and publicly available information and testing the fair value calculation in accordance with the above models and assumptions. In addition, I reviewed the disclosures relating to the fair value measurement of the investment in the RTA in the notes to the financial statements.

Other Information

The Fund's management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Fund is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Fund, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to the Fund's management for correction of the misstatement

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Fund's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Guidance for Property Funds, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Infrastructure Funds and Infrastructure Trusts issued by the Association of Investment Management Companies and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand, and for such internal control as the Fund's management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund's management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund's management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Fund's management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



I communicate with the Fund's management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the Fund's management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Fund's management, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Suchada Tantioran

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Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 7138

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 13 February 2025

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2024

			(Unit: Baht)
	<u>Note</u>	2024	2023
Assets			
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement at fair value			
(at cost: Baht 2,408.0 million (2023: Baht 2,489.3 million))	7, 14	2,728,230,000	2,902,410,000
Investments in securities at fair value			
(at cost: Baht 64.4 million (2023: Baht 49.5 million))	7	64,712,363	49,485,789
Cash at banks	8	7,399,620	5,606,645
Accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement	9, 14	28,961,888	47,778,602
Accrued interest receivables		193	56
Prepaid expenses		171,185	171,463
Total assets		2,829,475,249	3,005,452,555
Liabilities			
Accrued expenses		1,749,355	1,738,869
Total liabilities		1,749,355	1,738,869
Net assets		2,827,725,894	3,003,713,686
Net assets			
Registered capital			
280,000,000 units of Baht 10.00 each		2,800,000,000	2,800,000,000
Capital from unitholders		2,800,000,000	2,800,000,000
Retained earnings	10	27,725,894	203,713,686
Net assets		2,827,725,894	3,003,713,686
Net asset value per unit (Baht)		10.0990	10.7275
Number of units issued at the end of year (units)		280,000,000	280,000,000

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund

Details of investments

As at 31 December 2024

Details of investments classified by investment category

				2024			2023	
					Percentage			Percentage
			Cost	Fair value	of investment	Cost	Fair value	of investment
			(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)	(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)
Investment in power plant infrastructure business (Note 7)	ess (Note 7)							
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement with	th							
Khonburi Power Plant Company Limited to receive the transfer of	ve the transfer of	-						
revenue generated from the biomass power plant business.	it business.							
The Revenue Transfer Agreement covers revenue	a.							
from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2039			2,407,964,658	2,728,230,000	97.68	2,489,308,799	2,902,410,000	98.32
Total investment in power plant infrastucture business	usiness		2,407,964,658	2,728,230,000	97.68	2,489,308,799	2,902,410,000	98.32
					Percentage			Percentage
			Face value	Fair value	of investment	Face value	Fair value	of investment
			(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)	(Baht)	(Baht)	(%)
Investments in debt securities (Note 7)								
Government bonds		Maturity date						
Bank of Thailand: BOT 47/91/66	CB24222A	22 February 2024	,	•	•	5,000,000	4,985,652	0.17
Bank of Thailand: BOT 51/91/66	CB24321A	21 March 2024	1	1	1	10,000,000	996'856'6	0.34
Bank of Thailand: BOT 9/364/66	CB24905A	5 September 2024			ì	10,000,000	9,843,267	0.33
Bank of Thailand: BOT 10/364/66	CB24017A	17 October 2024	1	1	1	10,000,000	9,812,883	0.33
Bank of Thailand: BOT 11/364/66	CB24N07A	7 November 2024	3	ü	i	5,000,000	4,900,212	0.17
Bank of Thailand Bond 47/91/67	CB25220A	20 February 2025	10,000,000	9,971,996	0.36	•	1	i
Bank of Thailand Bond 52/91/67	CB25327A	27 March 2025	15,000,000	14,940,504	0.54	ř.	1	ì
Treasury bill								
Treasury bill (DM) 21/182/66	TB24117A	17 January 2024	·	τ	,	10,000,000	6)989,809	0.34
Treasury bill (DM) 23/182/67	TB25326A	26 March 2025	25,000,000	24,899,907	0.89	ì	1	ī
Treasury Bill (DM) 4/182/68	TB25521A	21 May 2025	15,000,000	14,899,956	0.53	c	r	ī
Total investments in debt securities			65,000,000	64,712,363	2.32	20,000,000	49,485,789	1.68
Total investments				2,792,942,363	100.00		2,951,895,789	100.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund

Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2024

			(Unit: Baht)
	<u>Note</u>	2024	2023
Investment income			
Interest income	12	183,984,286	200,509,457
Total income		183,984,286	200,509,457
Expenses			
Management fee	13, 14	9,475,878	9,833,822
Fund supervisor fee	13, 14	627,220	653,705
Registrar fee	13	952,300	888,460
Professional fees		2,177,971	2,108,253
Other expenses	_	2,232,381	2,531,447
Total expenses		15,465,750	16,015,687
Net investment income		168,518,536	184,493,770
Net gain on investments			
Net realised gain (loss) from investments		12,888	(166,637)
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of investments	7.2	(92,799,395)	12,669,458
Total net gain (loss) on investments	_	(92,786,507)	12,502,821
Increase in net assets from operations		75,732,029	196,996,591

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund

Statement of changes in net assets

For the year ended 31 December 2024

			(Unit: Baht
	Note	2024	2023
Increase in net assets from operations during the year			
Net investment income		168,518,536	184,493,770
Net realised gain (loss) from investments		12,888	(166,637)
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of investments	7.2	(92,799,395)	12,669,458
Increase in net assets from operations		75,732,029	196,996,591
Distributions to unitholders	11	(251,719,821)	(245,559,906)
Decrease in net assets during the year		(175,987,792)	(48,563,315)
Net assets at the beginning of year		3,003,713,686	3,052,277,001
Net assets at the end of year		2,827,725,894	3,003,713,686
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Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

			(Unit: Bah
	<u>Note</u>	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities			
Increase in net assets from operations		75,732,029	196,996,591
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets from			
operations to net cash from operating activites:			
Purchases of investments in securities	7	(342,579,902)	(308,752,709)
Disposals of investments in securities	7	329,193,438	289,980,483
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivables		(137)	25,433
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		278	(278)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		10,486	(727,450)
Interest income	12	(183,984,286)	(200,509,457)
Cash received from investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement		282,217,618	269,789,790
Cash received from interest		136,765	265,378
Net realised loss (gain) from investment		(12,888)	166,637
Loss (gain) on change in fair value of investment	7	92,799,395	(12,669,458)
Net cash flows from operating activities		253,512,796	234,564,960
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Distributions to unitholders	11	(251,719,821)	(245,559,906)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(251,719,821)	(245,559,906)
Net increase (decrease) in cash at banks		1,792,975	(10,994,946)
Cash at banks at the beginning of year		5,606,645	16,601,591
Cash at banks at the end of year		7,399,620	5,606,645

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Description of Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund

Khonburi Sugar Power Plant Infrastructure Fund ("the Fund") is a closed-end infrastructure fund, offering its units to the public investors. The Fund was established and registered as a fund on 18 August 2020 with no project life stipulated. The Fund's key objective is to seek funds from investors and to invest in infrastructure businesses related to biomass power plant. Furthermore, the Fund may also engage in activities within the scope allowed under Securities and Exchange Commission Thailand ("SEC") regulations and other relevant regulations, with a view to generate income and returns for the Fund and unitholders. This may include investment in other securities and/or deriving benefits from other means as prescribe by securities laws and/or other relevant laws.

On 20 August 2020, the Fund entered into the Revenue Transfer Agreement with Khonburi Power Plant Company Limited to receive the transfer of revenue generated from the biomass power plant business. The Revenue Transfer Agreement covers the revenue from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2039.

On 21 August 2020, the Stock Exchange of Thailand approved the listing of the Fund's units and permitted their trading from 24 August 2020 onwards.

The Fund is managed by Krungthai Asset Management Public Company Limited ("the Management Company"). Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited has been appointed as the fund supervisor.

As at 31 December 2024, Khonburi Sugar Public Company Limited, a major unitholder, held 16.13% in the Fund's units issued and paid-up.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Accounting Guidance for Property Funds, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Infrastructure Funds and Infrastructure Trusts issued by the Association of Investment Management Companies and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Thailand.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Fund. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

3. Dividend policy

The Fund has a policy to pay dividends to the unitholders at least twice a year in the case that the Fund has sufficient retained earnings. The Fund may make a dividend payment by cash and capital reduction according to the Fund management manual and the Securities Law.

The dividend policy of the Fund is as follow.

- 1) Any proposed payment of dividend will be made to unitholders, in aggregate for each financial year, at a rate of not less than 90% of the adjusted net profit.
- 2) In case that the Fund has retained earnings, management company may make a dividend payment to the unitholders from such retained earnings.
- 3) In case that the Fund has accumulated losses, management company shall not pay dividend neither out of the adjusted net profit as mentioned in 1) nor the retained earnings as mentioned in 2).
- 4) In case that the Fund has excess liquidity, management company may make payment to the unitholders by capital reduction.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenues and expenses recognition

Income from the Revenue Transfer Agreement

Interest income from the Revenue Transfer Agreement is recognised on an accrual basis based on the effective interest rate.

Interest income and finance costs

Interest income and finance costs are recognised on an accrual basis based on the effective interest rate.

Expenses

Expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

4.2 Measurement of investments

Investments in financial assets are recognised at fair value on the date which the Fund has rights on investments. Subsequently, the investments are measured at fair value and gain or loss on measurement of such investments (if any) are presented as gain or loss in the statement of income when incurred.

Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement

The Fund measured the initial value of investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement at the transaction price on the date that the Fund has the right on the investment, as it is considered the best estimation of the fair value because it was the latest exchange transaction that the price of which was determined by market mechanism. Subsequently, the investment is measured at fair value, referring to the value as appraised by an independent appraiser.

Investments in securities

Investments in marketable debt securities are presented at fair value, based on the latest yield rate quoted by the Thai Bond Market Association as of the date on which the investments are valued. Gains or losses from the valuation of investments are recorded as net unrealised gains or losses in the statement of income. To determine the cost of investments which are disposed of, the average method is used.

Investments in cash at banks is presented using the sum of principal and accrued interest as of the date on which the investment is valued to determine fair value. Accrued interest is separately presented in the statement of financial position under the caption of "Accrued interest receivables".

4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

4.4 Accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement

Accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement are stated at the net realisable value which management company considers to be the nearest equivalent to fair value.

4.5 Capital distribution

A decrease in retained earnings is recognised on the date a dividend is declared.

4.6 Income tax

The Fund has no corporate income tax liability since it is exempted from corporate income tax in Thailand.

4.7 Related party transactions

Related parties of the Fund comprise individuals or enterprises that own voting interest of at least 10% in the Fund, control, or are controlled by, the Fund, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Fund.

They also include the fund manager and their related parties and included associated companies and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own voting interests in the Fund that gives them significant influence over the Fund, key management personnel and directors of the Fund manager with authority in planning and directing the Fund's operations.

4.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.9 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Fund applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant the Accounting Guidance for Property Funds, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Infrastructure Funds and Infrastructure Trusts. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Fund measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categories of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an active market for such assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs for such assets or liabilities such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

5. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Accounting Guidance for Property Funds, Real Estate Investment Trusts, Infrastructure Funds and Infrastructure Trusts at times requires the fund management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures, and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgement and estimate is as follows:

Fair value of investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement

The fair value of the investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement is the value per the appraisal report of an independent appraiser, which was determined using the income approach. The determination of the fair value of the investment requires the use of estimates of the future cash inflows of the Fund from the agreement, basing on projections of the revenue generated from the biomass power plant business owned by Khonburi Power Plant Company Limited ("KPP"). The Fund is to receive 62 percent of the revenue in accordance with the power purchase agreements between KPP with Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand and KPP with Khonburi Sugar Public Company Limited. The expiry date of the Revenue Transfer Agreement is 31 December 2039 (see Note 7.1 to the financial statements). An appropriate discount rate is applied to discount the projected future cashflows to present value.

6. Segment information

Currently, the Fund only operates in one business segment which is the investment in infrastructure business related to biomass power plant business and the business is only operated in Thailand. As a result, all of the revenues, operating profits and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain to the aforementioned reportable operating segment and geographical area.

7. Investment at fair value

7.1 Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement

On 20 August 2020, the Fund entered into the Revenue Transfer Agreement with Khonburi Power Plant Company Limited ("KPP") whereby it is to receive the transfer of revenue generated from the biomass power plant business. The Fund is to receive 62 percent of the revenue in accordance with the power purchase agreements between KPP with Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand ("EGAT") and KPP with Khonburi Sugar Public Company Limited ("KBS") which can be summarised as follows:

Contracted	capacity	
Contiductor	oup doit	r

Counterparty's name	Expiry date	(megawatts)
Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand	31 December 2039	22.0
Khonburi Sugar Public Company Limited	31 December 2039	3.5

The benefits that the Fund will obtain from the power purchase agreement between KPP and EGAT (maximum capacity of 22 megawatts) is 62 percent of revenue, only for the part that is not affected by the US dollar exchange rate and average coal price. The amount of revenue is calculated based on the fixed tariff as stipulated in the power purchase agreement; comprising capacity payment, energy payment, fuel saving and renewable energy promotion. However, KPP has provided the minimum performance guarantee in accordance with the Revenue Transfer Agreement; namely operating hours of the power plant in each year must not be lower than the capacity stipulated in the Revenue Transfer Agreement and actual average capacity of the power plant in each year must not be lower than 21 megawatts.

The benefits that the Fund will obtain from the power purchase agreement between KPP and KBS (capacity of 3.5 megawatts) is 62 percent of revenue which is calculated based on the fixed tariff as stipulated in the power purchase agreement. However, KPP is to provide the minimum performance guarantee on a basis of the actual generation capacity (Kilowatt-hour) of the power plant in each year as stipulated in the Revenue Transfer Agreement.

If KPP fails to meet the minimum performance mentioned above, KPP shall make an additional payment to the Fund in accordance with the Revenue Transfer Agreement.

KPP and KBS provided following collaterals under the Revenue Transfer Agreement; mortgages of KBS's land and KPP's power plant, KPP's and KBS's machinery under the power purchase agreement, pledging of all shares of KPP held by KBS, transfer of land leasehold right of KPP, conditional transfer of KPP's rights of claims in the revenue account under the power purchase agreement and claims under the power purchase agreement, the endorsement of insurance policies related to the operations of the power plants, whereby the Fund is the co-insured and the beneficiary, and a subordination agreement with KPP and KBS for the rights of calls for intercompany loan repayments.

7.2 Movements of the investments

7.2.1 Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	2024	2023
Beginning of the year	2,902,410	2,963,930
Amortisation	(81,344)	(74,186)
Gain (loss) on valuation of investments	(92,836)	12,666
Ending of the year	2,728,230	2,902,410

7.2.2 Investment in securities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	2024	2023
Beginning of the year	49,486	29,872
Acquisitions	342,580	308,753
Disposals	(329,182)	(290,147)
Amortisation of premium on investments		
in securities	1,791	1,005
Gain on valuation of investments	37	3
Ending of the year	64,712	49,486

7.3 Fair value measurement

The Fund engaged an independent appraiser to appraise the fair value of the investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, using the income approach. A key assumption used in the valuation of investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement as at 31 December 2024 is the discount rate of 5.86% per annum (2023: 5.56% per annum). An increase in the discount rate would cause the fair value of the investment to decrease.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Fund had the investments that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	2024			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement	-	-	2,728,230	2,728,230
Investments in securities	-	64,712	-	64,712
			(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
		20	023	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement	-	-	2,902,410	2,902,410

During the year, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy, and there were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

49,486

7.4 Revenue from the Revenue Transfer Agreement

Investments in securities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

49,486

	2024	2023
Revenue from the agreement	263,401	273,426
Amortisation of investment in the agreement	81,344	74,186
Interest income	182,057	199,240

8. Cash at banks

	202	24	202	23
	Principal	Interest rate	Principal	Interest rate
	(Thousand Baht)	(% per annum)	(Thousand Baht)	(% per annum)
Saving accounts				
Bank of Ayudhya Public				
Company Limited	3,522	0.40	815	0.50
United Overseas Bank (Thai)				
Public Company Limited	3,876	1.10	4,790	1.15
Current account				
Bank of Ayudhya Public				
Company Limited	2		2	-
Total cash at banks	7,400		5,607	

9. Accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement

The balances of accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were not yet due.

10. Retained earnings

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	2024	2023
Retained earnings as at beginning of the year	203,714	252,277
Add: Net investment income	168,518	184,495
Net realised gain (loss) from investments	13	(167)
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of investments	(92,799)	12,669
Less: Distributions to unitholders (Note 11)	(251,720)	(245,560)
Retained earnings at ending of the year	27,726	203,714

11. Distributions of net income to unitholders

Distributions of net income during the year 2024 are as the following:

Announcement date	Period	Per unit	Total
		(Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
21 February 2024	1 October 2023 - 31 December 2023		
	and retain earnings	0.1760	49,280
16 May 2024	1 January 2024 - 31 March 2024		
	and retain earnings	0.2420	67,760
16 August 2024	1 April 2024 - 30 June 2024		
	and retain earnings	0.2350	65,800
15 November 2024	1 July 2024 - 30 September 2024		
	and retain earnings	0.2460	68,880
Total		0.8990	251,720

Distributions of net income during the year 2023 are as the following:

Announcement date	Period	Per unit	Total
		(Baht)	(Thousand Baht)
20 February 2023	1 October 2022 - 31 December 2022	0.1740	48,720
	and retained earnings		
19 May 2023	1 January 2023 - 31 March 2023	0.2280	63,840
	and retained earnings		
22 August 2023	1 April 2023 - 30 June 2023	0.2310	64,680
	and retained earnings		
17 November 2023	1 July 2023 - 30 September 2023	0.2440	68,320
	and retained earnings		
Total		0.8770	245,560

12. Interest income

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	2024	2023
Interest income from:		
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement		
(Note 7.4 and 14)	182,057	199,240
Investment in securities	1,791	1,163
Cash at banks	136	106
Total interest income	183,984	200,509

13. Expenses

Management fee

The Management Company is entitled to receive a monthly management fee from the Fund at a rate, not exceeding 5.0% per annum of the total assets value of the Fund but not less than Baht 4.2 million per annum (exclusive of value added tax, specific business tax or any other similar tax).

Fund supervisor fee

The fund supervisor is entitled to receive a monthly remuneration at a rate, not exceeding 1.0% per annum (exclusive of value added tax, specific business tax or any other similar tax) of the net assets value of the Fund, and the foregoing does not include other expense as actually incurred such as fund transfer fee, bank charges, the expenses for the inspection of assets of the Fund.

Registrar fee

The fee for the investment unit registrar shall be charged on an annual basis at a rate of 0.030 - 0.035% per annum of the Fund's registered capital (exclusive of value added tax, specific business tax or any other similar tax) before applicable discounts (if any). The charge shall not exceed Baht 4.0 million per annum.

14. Related party transactions

The relationship between the Fund and individuals or enterprises that are related parties are summarised below.

Name of entities	Nature of relationships
Krungthai Asset Management Public Company Lim	nited The management company
Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited	The fund supervisor
Khonburi Sugar Public Company Limited	A major unitholder
Khonburi Power Plant Company Limited	Subsidiary of a major unitholder

During the year, the Fund had significant business transactions with related parties, which have been concluded on the commercial terms and bases agreed upon in the ordinary course of business between the Fund and related parties. Below is a summary of those transactions.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Year or second	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH
<u>Note</u>	2024	2023
7.4, 12	182,057	199,240
13	9,476	9,834
13	627	654
11	40,503	38,171
	7.4, 12 13	7.4, 12 182,057 13 9,476 13 627

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Fund has the following significant outstanding balances with its related parties.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	2024	2023
Subsidiary of a major unitholder		
Investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement	2,728,230	2,902,410
Accounts receivable from the Revenue Transfer Agreement	28,962	47,779
The management company		
Accrued management fee	769	819
The fund supervisor		
Cash at bank	3,524	817
Accrued fund supervisor fee	51	55

15. Investment trading information

The Fund's investment trading transactions for the year ended 31 December 2024, excluding cash at banks, amounted to Baht 671.8 million. This is 22.93% of average net assets during the year (2023: Baht 598.7 million, 19.60%).

16. Commitments

The Fund is committed to pay fees to counterparties as described in Note 13.

17. Financial instruments

17.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Fund's financial instruments principally comprise investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement, investments in securities, cash at banks, accounts receivable from investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement, and accrued expenses. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed is described below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparties might not be able to repay to their creditors which may affect the cash inflow from financial assets to the Fund. The Fund concentrates in investing in the investments that the counterparty of the agreement or the issuer of the instruments are financially stable, and pursuant to the investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement, the Fund has obtained the collaterals and other instrumental agreements, as described in Note 7.1 to the financial statements, to manage the credit risk. Therefore, the Fund does not expect to incur material financial losses from credit in the short term to longer term. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of the assets as stated in the statement of financial position less the amount to be able to recover from all the collaterals.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. The financial assets that potentially cause the Fund to be subject to the interest rate risk are government bonds, treasury bills and cash at banks. However, most of the Fund's financial assets are short-term in nature and bear fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate. Therefore, the interest rate risk is expected to be minimal.

17.2 Fair values of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities which are cash at banks, account receivable from investment in the Revenue Transfer Agreement, and accrued expenses are approximately the fair values due to their short maturities. In addition, the Fund measures its other investments at fair value. The Fund therefore believes that fair value of financial instruments is not to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

18. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by an authorised person of the Management Company on 13 February 2025.